



## **Uch qatlamlari temir-beton elementlari uchun izolyatsion qatlamning ularning kuchlanish-deformatsiyalarini ta'sirini baholashda Ansys dasturidan foydalanish**

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Qurilish materiallari va konstruksiyalari texnologiyasi kafedrasи dotsenti

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### **1. Kirish**

Zamonaviy qurilishda energiya tejamkorligi va konstruktiv samaradorlik talablariga javoban uch qatlamlari temir-beton elementlardan keng foydalanilmoqda. Bunday elementlar odatda tashqi yuk ko'taruvchi qatlamlar va ichki izolyatsion qatlamdan iborat bo'ladi. Izolyatsion qatlamning materiali nafaqat issiqlik o'tkazuvchanligiga, balki butun konstruksiyaning kuchlanish-deformatsiyalarini holatiga ham sezilarli ta'sir ko'rsatadi.

Bugungi kunda muhandislik hisob-kitoblarida zamonaviy raqamli modellashtirish dasturlari, xususan, **Ansys** dasturi keng qo'llanilmoqda. Ushbu maqolada uch qatlamlari temir-beton elementlari izolyatsion qatlam turi ularning kuchlanish va deformatsiyalarini xususiyatlariga qanday ta'sir ko'rsatishini baholash uchun Ansys dasturi asosida o'tkazilgan raqamli tahlil natijalari bayon qilinadi.

Ansys dasturida mexanika, gidrodinamika, aerodinamika, termodinamika va boshqa shu kabi fizik masalalarni chekli elementlar usulida yechish imkonini beruvchi programmalar kompleksi hisoblanadi.

### **2. Tadqiqot ob'ekti va metodikasi**

**Modellashtirilayotgan konstruksiya Modellashtirish quyidagi tartibda amalga oshiriladi, dastlab bizga kerak bo'lgan materiallarning** Har bir material uchun Ansys dasturiga quyidagi fizik-mexanik xossalar kiritildi: Elastiklik moduli, zichlik, Puasson koeffitsienti. Tanlab olingan materialalarning fizik xossalarini izotrop material sifatida qaraldi.

The screenshot shows two windows side-by-side. The left window is titled 'Outline of Schematic A2: Engineering Data' and lists various materials with their properties. The right window is titled 'Properties of Outline Row 3: Izolyatsion qatlami (arbolt)' and provides detailed settings for the selected material, including Density (kg m<sup>-3</sup>), Isotropic Elasticity, Young's Modulus (MPa), Poisson's Ratio, Bulk Modulus (Pa), and Shear Modulus (Pa).

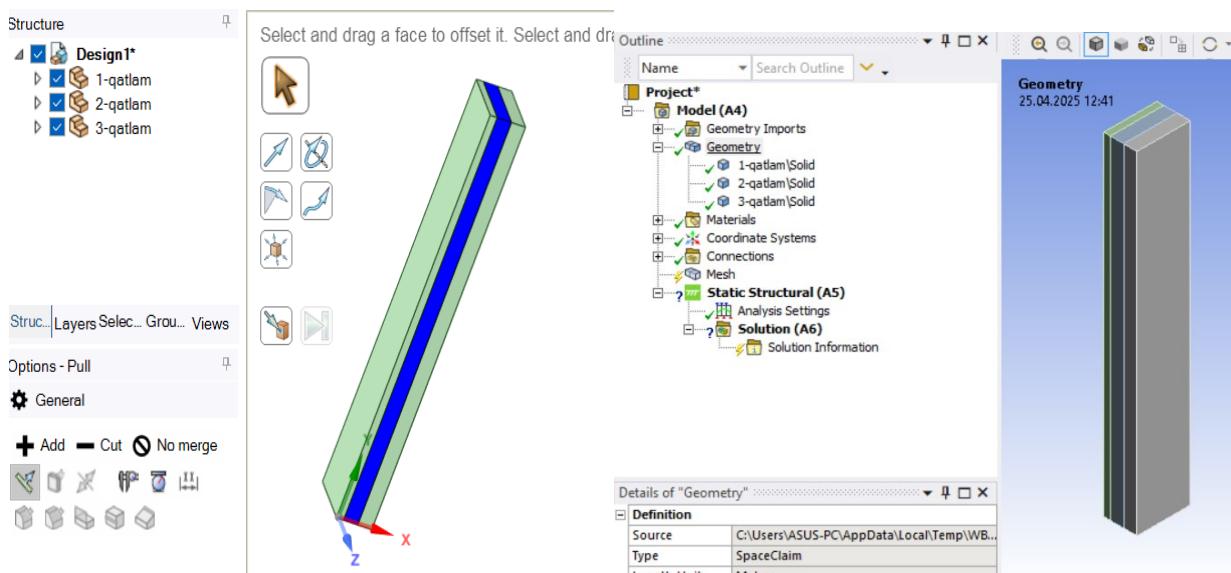
	A	B	C	D	E
1	Contents of Engineering Data		Source	Description	
2	Material				
3	Izolyatsion qatlami (arbolt)				
4	Izolyatsion qatlami (Polistrol)				
5	Izolyatsion qatlami (vermikulit)				
6	Structural Steel			Fatigue Data at zero mean stress comes from 1998 ASME BPV Code, Section 8, Div 2, Table 5 -110.1	
7	Tashqi qatlamlari (temir-beton)				
*	Click here to add a new material				

	A	B	C	D	E
1	Property	Value	Unit		
2	Material Field Variables	Table			
3	Density	kg m <sup>-3</sup>			
4	Isotropic Elasticity				
5	Derive from	Young's ...			
6	Young's Modulus	MPa			
7	Poisson's Ratio				
8	Bulk Modulus	Pa			
9	Shear Modulus	Pa			

### 1-rasm. Material va unibg xossalarini kiritish oynalari.

Keyingi bosqichda tadqiqot uchun quyidagi geometrik o'lchamlarga ega bo'lgan uch qatlamlili element modeli tanlandi:

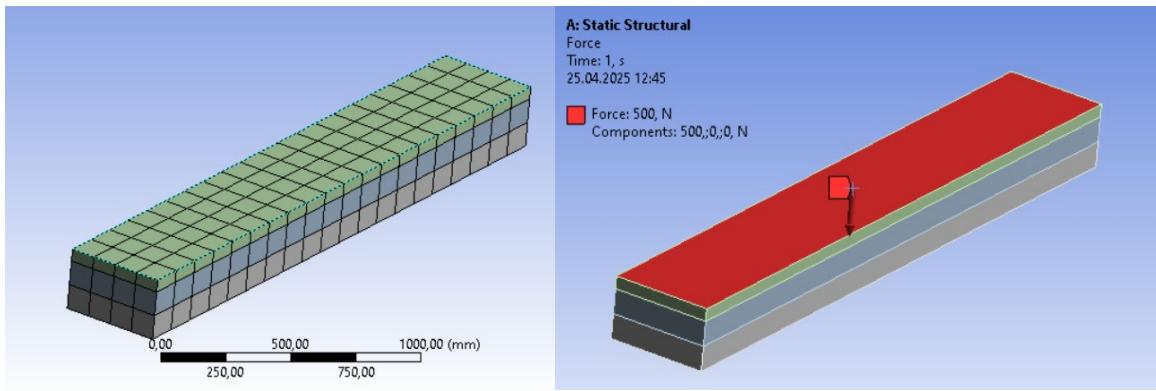
- Tashqi qatlamlar:** og'ir temir-beton (har biri 100 va 50 mm qalinlikda).
- Ichki qatlam (izolyatsion):** arbolit, polistirolbeton va vermekulitbeton (80 mm qalinlikda, alohida variantlarda).
- Element o'lchami:** 2500 mm uzunlik, 250 mm umumiylig qalinlik, kengligi 400 mm.



### 2-rasm. Konstruksiyani tashkil etuvchilarini va o'lchamlarini kiritish.

#### Modellashtirish shartlari:

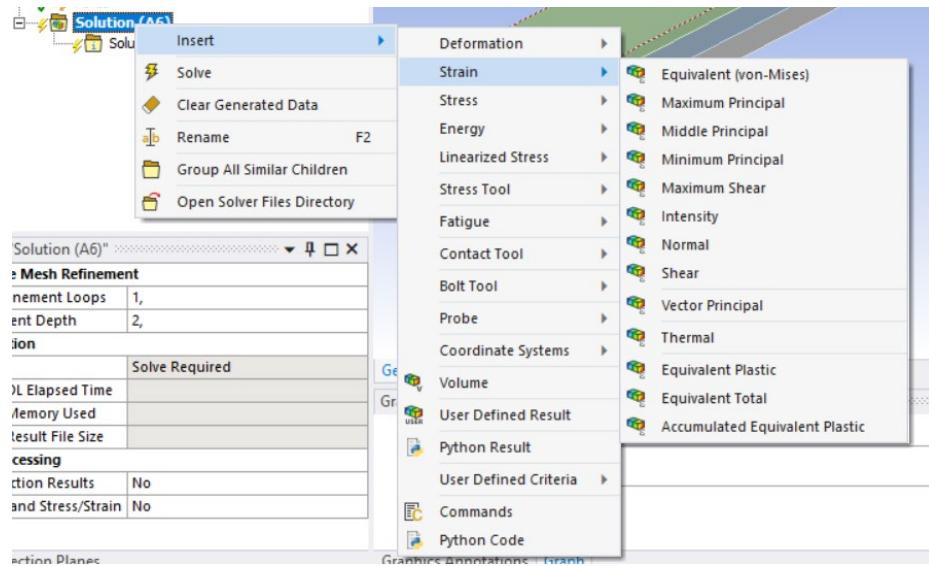
- Elementning tashkil etuvchilar to'rini yaratish va mahkamlash: ikki uchi tirkalgan.



**3-rasm. Meshing (to'r) hosil qilish va yuk berish jarayoni.**  
**Izolyatsion qatlamlar variantlari:**

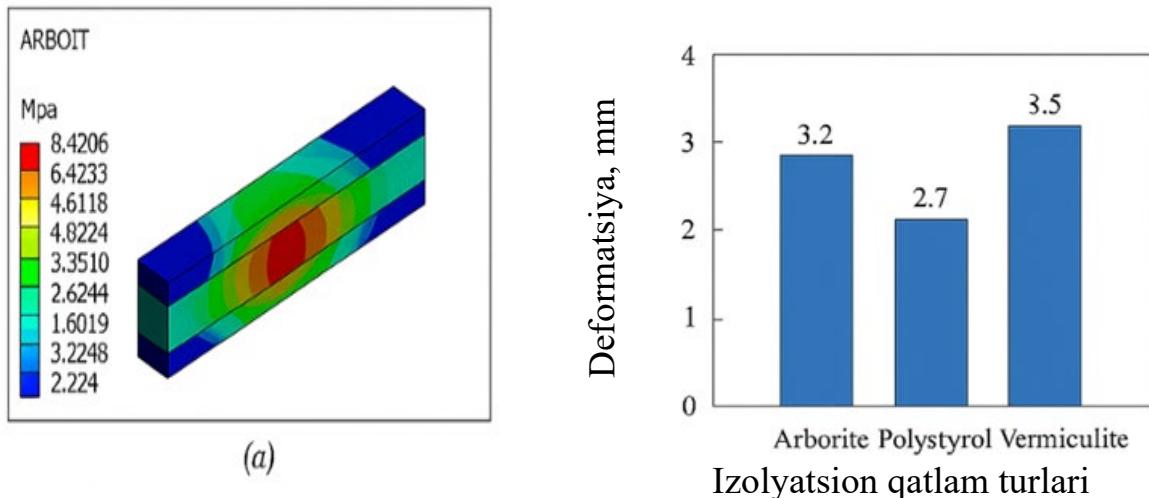
1. Arbolit (yog'och qirindilari, sholi po'stlog'i, g'oza poyasi asosida).
2. Polistirol (polistirol granulali).
3. Vermikulitbeton (ko'pchitilgan vermiculit minerali asosida).
4. Yuklama: elementga yuqorida markaziy bosim kuchi qo'llanildi.

### 3. Natijalar va tahlil



**4-rasm. Kerakli natijalarni tanlash oynasi.**

Raqamli modellashtirish natijalariga ko‘ra, uch qatlamlı elementlarning izolyatsion qatlami turi ularning elastik deformatsiya zonasidagi harakati, maksimal kuchlanishlar taqsimoti va umumiy egiluvchanligiga sezilarli ta’sir ko‘rsatdi.



5-rasm. Olingan natijalarning qiyoslash va kuchlanish holati.

1-jadval. Izolyatsion qatlamlardagi materiallarning xossalari.

Variant	Maks. deformatsiya (mm)	Maks. kuchlanish (MPa)	Elastiklik chegarasi (%)
<b>Arbolit</b>	3.2	8.5	100
<b>Polistirolbeton</b>	2.7	9.1	93
<b>Vermikulitbeton</b>	3.6	7.8	110

- **Arbolit** yaxshi issiqlik izolyatsiyasi bilan birga o‘rtacha konstruktiv barqarorlik ko‘rsatdi.
- **Polistirolbeton** nisbatan yuqori mustahkamlik, lekin kamroq elastiklik ko‘rsatdi.
- **Vermikulitbeton** eng ko‘p deformatsiyalangan bo‘lsa-da, eng past kuchlanish ko‘rsatkichlariga ega bo‘ldi, bu uni seysmik zonalarda afzal qilish mumkinligini ko‘rsatadi.

#### 4. Xulosa

Ansys dasturi yordamida uch qatlamlı temir-beton elementlar tarkibidagi izolyatsion qatlamning material turini baholash imkoniyati yuqori ekanligi aniqlandi. Tadqiqot shuni ko‘rsatdiki:

- Izolyatsion qatlam materiali butun elementning kuchlanish holatiga sezilarli ta’sir qiladi;

- Deformatsion barqarorlikka eng yuqori ijobiy ta'sir ko'rsatgan material – **vermikulitbeton** bo'ldi;
- Loyihalashda issiqlik izolyatsiyasi bilan birga konstruktiv barqarorlikni ta'minlash uchun kompleks baholash zarur.

Kelgusida izolyatsion qatlamlar kombinatsiyasi, hamda real sharoitdagi tajriba natijalari bilan solishtirish tavsiya etiladi.

## **5. Foydalanilgan adabiyotlar**

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